

House of Representatives

File No. 478

General Assembly

January Session, 2017

(Reprint of File No. 68)

House Bill No. 5928 As Amended by House Amendment Schedule "A"

Approved by the Legislative Commissioner April 7, 2017

AN ACT ESTABLISHING A MANUFACTURER PERMIT FOR FARM BREWERIES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. Subsections (f) and (g) of section 30-16 of the general
- 2 statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof
- 3 (Effective from passage):
- 4 (f) (1) A manufacturer permit for a farm brewery shall be in all
- 5 respects the same as a manufacturer permit, except that the scope of
- 6 operations of the holder shall be limited to the production of not more
- 7 <u>than seventy-five thousand gallons of beer in a calendar year. As used</u>
- 8 in this section, "farm brewery" means any place or premises that is
- 9 <u>located on a farm in the state in which beer is manufactured and sold.</u>
- 10 (2) Such permit shall, at the single principal premises of the farm
- 11 brewery, authorize (A) the sale of sealed bottles or other sealed
- 12 containers of beer brewed on such premises to the holder of a
- wholesaler permit issued pursuant to section 30-17; (B) the offering
- 14 and tasting of free samples of beer manufactured by the farm brewery

15 permittee, dispensed out of bottles or other sealed containers to 16 visitors and prospective retail customers for consumption on the premises of the farm brewery permittee; (C) the sale at retail from the 17 18 premises of not more than nine liters of such beer to any person per 19 day, in sealed bottles or other sealed containers, for consumption off the premises; and (D) the sale at retail from the premises of beer by the 20 21 glass and bottle to visitors on the premises of the farm brewery 22 permittee for consumption on the premises. Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraphs (A) to (D), inclusive, of this subdivision, a 23 24 town may, by ordinance or zoning regulation, prohibit any such 25 offering, tasting or selling at retail at premises within such town for 26 which a manufacturer permit for a farm brewery has been issued.

(3) The farm brewery permittee shall use not less than twenty-five per cent of a combination of hops, barley, cereal grains, honey, flowers or other fermentables grown or malted within the state of Connecticut in the manufacture of the farm brewery permittee's beer for the first year of issuance for any such permit and not less than fifty per cent of such hops, barley, cereal grains, honey, flowers or other fermentables in the manufacture of the farm brewery permittee's beer for the second and any subsequent year of issuance for any such permit. Any such beer may be advertised and sold by the farm brewery permittee as "Connecticut Craft Beer".

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- 37 (4) A holder of a manufacturer permit for a farm brewery may sell
 38 beer manufactured from such brewery at a farmers' market, as defined
 39 in section 22-6r, that is operated as a nonprofit enterprise or
 40 association, provided such farmers' market invites such holder to sell
 41 beer at such farmers' market and such holder has a farmers' market
 42 beer sales permit issued by the Commissioner of Consumer Protection
 43 in accordance with the provisions of subsection (a) of section 30-37r.
- 45 (5) The annual fee for a manufacturer permit for a farm brewery 45 shall be three hundred dollars.
- [(f)] (g) A manufacturer permit for a brew pub shall allow: (1) The

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manufacture, storage and bottling of beer, (2) the retail sale of alcoholic liquor to be consumed on the premises with or without the sale of food, (3) the selling at retail from the premises of sealed bottles or other sealed containers of beer brewed on such premises for consumption off the premises, and (4) the sale of sealed bottles or other sealed containers of beer brewed on such premises to the holder of a wholesaler permit issued pursuant to subsection (b) of section 30-17, provided that the holder of a manufacturer permit for a brew pub produces at least five thousand gallons of beer on the premises annually. Such selling at retail from the premises of sealed bottles or other sealed containers shall comply with the provisions of subsection (d) of section 30-91, as amended by this act, and shall permit not more than nine liters of beer to be sold to any person on any day on which such sale is authorized under the provisions of subsection (d) of section 30-91, as amended by this act. The annual fee for a manufacturer permit for a brew pub shall be three hundred dollars.

[(g)] (h) A manufacturer permit for beer and brew pub shall be in all respects the same as a manufacturer permit for beer, as defined in subsection (b) of this section, and shall allow those additional permissible uses specified in the manufacturer permit for a brew pub, as defined in subsection [(f)] (g) of this section, provided the holder of a manufacturer permit for beer and brew pub produces at least five thousand gallons of beer on the premises annually. The annual fee for a manufacturer permit for beer and brew pub shall be one thousand five hundred dollars.

- Sec. 2. Subsection (c) of section 30-37j of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of section 30-48, as amended by this act, a backer or holder of a caterer liquor permit may be a backer or holder of any other permit issued under the provisions of this chapter, including, but not limited to, a manufacturer permit for a brew pub issued under subsection [(f)] (g) of

section 30-16, as amended by this act, or a manufacturer permit for beer and brew pub issued under subsection [(g)] (h) of section 30-16, as amended by this act, except that a backer or holder of a caterer liquor permit may not be a backer or holder of any other manufacturer permit issued under section 30-16, as amended by this act, or a wholesaler permit issued under section 30-17.

Sec. 3. Section 30-37r of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

- (a) The Commissioner of Consumer Protection shall issue a farmers' market beer sales permit to a holder of: (1) A manufacturer permit for beer issued pursuant to subsection (b) of section 30-16, (2) a manufacturer permit for a brew pub issued pursuant to subsection [(f)] (g) of section 30-16, as amended by this act, [or] (3) a manufacturer permit for beer and brew pub issued pursuant to subsection [(g)] (h) of section 30-16, as amended by this act, or (4) a manufacturer permit for a farm brewery issued pursuant to subsection (f) of section 30-16, as amended by this act.
- (b) A farmers' market beer sales permit shall authorize the sale of beer manufactured by the holder of a permit specified in subdivision (1), (2), [or] (3) or (4) of subsection (a) of this section for an unlimited number of appearances at a farmers' market at not more than three farmers' market locations per year, provided such permit holder: (1) Has an invitation from such farmers' market to sell beer at such farmers' market, (2) sells only sealed bottles of beer for off-premises consumption at such farmers' market, (3) is present, or has an authorized representative present, at the time of sale of any such beer at such farmers' market, and (4) does not sell more than [five] seven liters of such beer per day to any one person at such farmers' market. A farmers' market beer sales permit shall be valid for a period of one year from the date of issuance. The annual fee for a farmers' market beer sales permit shall be two hundred fifty dollars. There shall be a one-hundred-dollar nonrefundable filing fee for any such permit.

112 (c) Any town or municipality may, by ordinance or zoning 113 regulation, prohibit the sale of beer by the holder of a farmers' market 114 beer sales permit at a farmers' market held in such town or 115 municipality.

- Sec. 4. Subsection (a) of section 30-48 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 119 (a) No backer or permittee of one permit class shall be a backer or 120 permittee of any other permit class except in the case of any class of 121 airport, railroad, airline and boat permits, and except that: (1) A backer 122 of a hotel or restaurant permit may be a backer of both such classes; (2) 123 a holder or backer of a manufacturer permit for a brew pub, a restaurant permit or a cafe permit may be a holder or backer of any 124 125 other or all of such classes; (3) a holder or backer of a restaurant permit 126 may be a holder or backer of a bowling establishment permit; (4) a 127 backer of a restaurant permit may be a backer of a coliseum permit or a 128 coliseum concession permit, or both, when such restaurant is within a 129 coliseum; (5) a backer of a hotel permit may be a backer of a coliseum 130 permit or a coliseum concession permit, or both; (6) a backer of a 131 coliseum permit may be a backer of a coliseum concession permit; (7) a 132 backer of a coliseum concession permit may be a backer of a coliseum 133 permit; (8) a backer of a grocery store beer permit may be a backer of a 134 package store permit if such was the case on or before May 1, 1996; (9) 135 a backer of a university permit may be a backer of a nonprofit theater 136 permit; (10) subject to the discretion of the department, a backer of a 137 permit provided for in section 30-33b, may be a backer of any other 138 retail on-premise consumption permit, including those permits 139 provided for in section 30-33b; (11) a backer of a nonprofit theater 140 permit may be a holder or backer of a hotel permit; (12) a holder or 141 backer of a restaurant permit may be a holder or backer of a special 142 outing facility permit; (13) a backer of a concession permit may be a 143 backer of a coliseum permit or a coliseum concession permit, or both; 144 (14) a holder of an out-of-state winery shipper's permit for wine may 145 be a holder of an in-state transporter's permit or an out-of-state entity

146 wine festival permit issued pursuant to section 30-37m, or of both such 147 permits; (15) a holder of an out-of-state shipper's permit for alcoholic 148 liquor other than beer may be a holder of an in-state transporter's 149 permit; (16) a holder of a manufacturer permit for a farm winery may 150 be a holder of an in-state transporter's permit, a wine festival permit 151 issued pursuant to section 30-37l, a farmers' market wine sales permit 152 issued pursuant to subsection (a) of section 30-37o, an off-site farm 153 winery sales and tasting permit issued pursuant to section 30-16a or of any combination of such permits; and (17) a holder of a manufacturer 154 155 permit for beer, manufacturer permit for a brew pub, [or] 156 manufacturer permit for beer and brew pub or manufacturer permit 157 for a farm brewery may be a holder of a farmers' market beer sales 158 permit issued pursuant to section 30-37r, as amended by this act. Any 159 person may be a permittee of more than one permit. A person may be 160 a permittee under a permit provided for in section 30-33b and a backer 161 of any other retail on-premise consumption permit, including those 162 permits provided for in section 30-33b. The operator of a racing or jai 163 alai exhibition with pari-mutuel betting licensed by the Department of 164 Consumer Protection may be a backer of any permit provided for in 165 section 30-33b. No holder of a manufacturer permit for a brew pub and 166 no spouse or child of such holder may be a holder or backer of more 167 than three restaurant permits or cafe permits.

- Sec. 5. Subsection (a) of section 30-62c of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 171 (a) The holder of an alcoholic liquor permit issued by the
 172 Department of Consumer Protection pursuant to subsections (b) to
 173 [(g)] (h), inclusive, of section 30-16, as amended by this act, or an agent
 174 of such permit holder, shall furnish potable water without charge to
 175 any person on the permit premises requesting such water or shall offer
 176 nonalcoholic beverages for sale to such person.
- Sec. 6. Subsection (d) of section 30-91 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*

179 passage):

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(d) The sale or dispensing of alcoholic liquor in places operating under package store permits, drug store permits, manufacturer permits for beer, manufacturer permits for beer and brew pubs, manufacturer permits for a farm brewery or grocery store beer permits shall be unlawful on Thanksgiving Day, New Year's Day or Christmas; and such sale or dispensing of alcoholic liquor in places operating under package store permits, drug store permits, manufacturer permits for beer, manufacturer permits for beer and brew pubs, manufacturer permits for a farm brewery and grocery store beer permits shall be unlawful on Sunday before ten o'clock a.m. and after six o'clock p.m. and on any other day before eight o'clock a.m. and after ten o'clock p.m. It shall be unlawful for the holder of a manufacturer permit for a brew pub to sell beer for consumption off the premises on the days or hours prohibited by this subsection. Any town may, by a vote of a town meeting or by ordinance, reduce the number of hours during which such sale shall be permissible.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:					
Section 1	from passage	30-16(f) and (g)			
Sec. 2	from passage	30-37j(c)			
Sec. 3	from passage	30-37r			
Sec. 4	from passage	30-48(a)			
Sec. 5	from passage	30-62c(a)			
Sec. 6	from passage	30-91(d)			

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The following Fiscal Impact Statement and Bill Analysis are prepared for the benefit of the members of the General Assembly, solely for purposes of information, summarization and explanation and do not represent the intent of the General Assembly or either chamber thereof for any purpose. In general, fiscal impacts are based upon a variety of informational sources, including the analyst's professional knowledge. Whenever applicable, agency data is consulted as part of the analysis, however final products do not necessarily reflect an assessment from any specific department.

OFA Fiscal Note

State Impact:

Agency Affected	Fund-Effect	FY 18 \$	FY 19 \$	FY 20
Department of	GF - Revenue	Minimal	Minimal	Minimal
Revenue Services	Gain			
Consumer	GF - Revenue	300	Up to 600	Less than
Protection, Dept.	Gain		_	1,200

Note: GF=General Fund

Municipal Impact: None

Explanation

The bill results in a minimal revenue gain in sales tax and alcoholic beverages tax, along with permitting fee revenue, by creating a farm brewery manufacturing permit. The actual revenue gain is dependent upon (1) the number of establishments that would qualify for the permit and (2) the size of the establishment's production.

It is anticipated that most of the revenue gain would occur in FY 20 and beyond due to the nature of the cultivation of associated crops. The bill requires a farm to grow at least 25% of the hops and barley it uses in the manufacturing process within the first year of the issuance of the permit, and 50% for the second year and beyond. One farm is currently producing at or near this level and another may be approaching it. However, such crops take multiple years to cultivate. There may be a lag in the time needed for additional farms to meet the required production thresholds in the bill.

To the extent that additional farms are currently producing at or near this level, the timing of the fiscal impact may occur sooner than FY 20.

The impacts to the sales tax listed above would also result in corresponding impacts to the Municipal Revenue Sharing Account and the Special Transportation Fund.¹

Additionally the bill results in a revenue gain of \$300 in FY 18 and \$600 in FY 19, based on one currently operating farm brewery, another in development, and a Department of Consumer Protection permit fee of \$300. In FY 20, the revenue gain may rise to \$1,200 if there are two additional permittees.

House "A" may lessen the permit revenue gain and increase, minimally, the revenue gain to sales and alcoholic beverages taxes. Permit revenue may be lowered because the amendment increased the farm brewery production limits. To the extent a farm brewery produces between the original bill's limit (50,000 gallons) and the amended bill's limit (75,000 gallons), and would have otherwise been required to hold a \$1,100 beer manufacturer permit, the potential revenue loss is \$800 per such brewery. At the same time, if such a brewery would not have otherwise qualified for a beer manufacturer permit but will produce more than 50,000 gallons, there could be a revenue gain to both permit fees and sales and alcoholic beverages taxes. House "A" results in further potential revenue gain to sales and alcoholic beverages taxes by raising the bill's limit on farmers' market purchases of farm brewery beer.

The Out Years

The annualized ongoing fiscal impact identified above would continue into the future subject to the number of establishments that

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¹ Current law transfers 0.5 percentage point of the Sales Tax into the Municipal Revenue Sharing Account and the Special Transportation Fund each in FY 18 and beyond.

would qualify for the permit, the size of the establishment's production, the volume of farm brewery sales at farmers' markets, and inflation..

OLR Bill Analysis

HB05928 (as amended by House "A")*

AN ACT ESTABLISHING A MANUFACTURER PERMIT FOR FARM BREWERIES.

SUMMARY

This bill establishes a farm brewery manufacturer permit, which allows for, among other things, the manufacture, storage, bottling, and wholesale distribution and sale of beer manufactured at any place or premises located on a farm. A permittee may produce up to 75,000 gallons of beer annually.

Under the bill, a farm brewery permit allows for the offering and tasting of free samples and retail sales for both on- and off-premises consumption, though a town may prohibit the activity by ordinance or zoning regulation. Such permittees may also sell their beer at farmers' markets if they also obtain the farmers' market beer sales permit.

The bill requires permittees to use a certain amount of hops, barley, or other fermentables grown or malted in the state. After fulfilling these requirements, permittees may then advertise and sell their product as "Connecticut Craft Beer." The bill also sets the annual fee for a farm brewery manufacturer permit at \$300.

The bill also increases, from five to seven liters, the amount a farmers' market beer sales permittee may sell to a person per day at a farmers' market.

*House Amendment "A" (1) increases the amount permittees may annually produce and sell at a farmers' market and (2) makes technical and conforming changes.

EFFECTIVE DATE: Upon passage

SCOPE OF A FARM BREWERY MANUFACTURER PERMIT

The bill allows a permittee, from his or her single principal premises, to:

- 1. sell sealed bottles or other sealed containers of beer brewed on the premises to a wholesaler permittee,
- 2. offer tastings of free samples of beer manufactured by the permittee from bottles or other sealed containers to visitors and prospective retail customers to be consumed on-premises,
- 3. sell at retail from the premises up to nine liters of beer per person per day for off-premises consumption in sealed bottles or other sealed containers (see BACKGROUND), and
- 4. sell at retail beer by the glass and bottle to visitors for onpremises consumption.

PRODUCT CONTENT REQUIREMENT

The bill requires permittees to use a certain amount of hops, barley, or other fermentables grown or malted in the state. In the first year of a permit's issuance, a farm brewery manufacturer permittee must use at least 25% of a combination of hops, barley, cereal grains, honey, flowers, or other fermentables grown or malted within the state when brewing his or her beer. The permittee must increase this amount to at least 50% each subsequent year. Any such beer may be advertised and sold by the farm brewery as "Connecticut Craft Beer."

FARMERS' MARKET SALES

The bill allows a farm brewery permittee to sell the beer he or she manufactures at a farmers' market run by a nonprofit organization. To do so, the farmers' market must invite the permittee to sell his or her beer there and the permittee must obtain a farmers' market beer sales permit from the Department of Consumer Protection.

The bill also increases the amount, from five to seven liters, a permittee may sell to a person per day at a farmers' market.

By law, a farmers' market beer sales permit allows permittees to attend an unlimited number of appearances at a farmers' market, at up to three farmers' market locations each year. They may only sell sealed bottles for off-premises consumption. The nonrefundable filing fee is \$100, and the annual fee for this permit is \$250.

HOLDING TWO ALCOHOL PERMITS

By law, alcohol permittees are generally prohibited from holding alcohol permits in different permit classes, unless specifically exempted. The bill allows a farm brewery manufacturer permittee to also hold a farmers' market beer sales permit.

BACKGROUND

Off-premises Consumption Hours

Off-premises sale and dispensing of alcohol are generally allowed only on days Monday through Saturday, from 8:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m., and Sundays, from 10:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. Permittees cannot sell or dispense alcohol on Thanksgiving Day, New Year's Day, or Christmas Day (CGS § 30-91(d)).

COMMITTEE ACTION

General Law Committee

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Joint Favorable
Yea 17 Nay 0 (03/07/2017)
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